





There are 3 stages known as 'waves' that outline the provision that we provide for our children.

Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3
Wave 1 is the effective inclusion of all pupils in quality first everyday personalised teaching. Such teaching will, for example, be based on clear key questions that are shared at the start of a lesson and returned to at the end of the lesson; carefully explained new vocabulary; use of lively, interactive teaching styles that make maximum use of visual and kinaesthetic as well as auditory/verbal learning. Approaches like these are the best way to reduce, from the start, the number of children who need extra help with their learning or behaviour.	Wave 2 is a specific, additional and time-limited provision that is provided for some children who need help to accelerate their progress to enable them to work at or above age-related expectations. Wave 2 provisions are often targeted at a group of children that have similar needs.	Wave 3 is targeted provision for a minority of children where it is necessary to provide highly tailored provisions to accelerate progress or enable children to achieve their potential. This may include one or more specialist provisions.





Each wave is broken down into 4 further categories of provision:

Cognition and Learning	Communication and Interaction	Sensory and Physical	Social, Emotional and Mental Health
Cognition is the umbrella term for a child's learning skills. It is their ability to process information, reason, remember and relate.	Communication and Interaction is the ability to communicate with others. This includes the use of speech sounds, language, gestures, facial expressions and body language.	There is a wide range of sensory and physical difficulties that affect children and young people across the ability range. Children and young people with a visual impairment or a hearing impairment may require specialist support and equipment to access their learning. Some children and young people with a physical disability require additional on-going support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.	Children and young people who have difficulties with their emotional and social development may have immature social skills and find it difficult to make and sustain healthy relationships. These difficulties may be displayed through the child or young person becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as through challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour.





Cognition and Learning		
Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3
Differentiated curriculum planning Pitched questioning Modelling of skills and writing	SPaG group (Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar) Paired Reading across year groups Small group support for maths, reading and	Intense (1:1) support in core and foundation subjects
High expectations Success criteria	writing in class Rapid Reading Groups	1:1 Rapid Reading
1:1 and group reading Guided writing	Nessy Spelling Programme Phase 3+4+5 phonic skills consolidation during	Dyslexia Screening
Word mats ICT to support learning	phonic / spelling sessions (Little Wandle) Precision Teaching	Support from Educational Psychology (EP)
Writing frames Numicon, Place Value Counters, Bead Strings	Pre-teaching of vocabulary & new concepts Language Link Programme and Provisions	Support from Occupational Therapist (OT)
Learning displays, Working Walls Challenge tasks	Microsoft Dictate and Immersive Reader Times Table Rock Stars	Support from NHS SaLT
Support from Learning Support Assistants Different learning styles are adopted Strategies for Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD),	My Maths	Support from EMTAS (Ethnic Minority and Traveller Achievement Service)
Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Specific Learning Disorders e.g. Dyslexia (SpLD) Feedback marking that shows next steps All children's progress and attainment is assessed and tracked throughout the year Pupil Progress Meetings held to support and maintain progress		Salford Assessments for reading and comprehension





Communication and Interaction		
Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3
Differentiated curriculum planning Modelled speech/language	Pre-teaching of vocabulary & new concepts	Individual visual timetables
Modelled Interaction Targeted questioning	Language Link Programme and Provisions	Individual visual communication system
Talk Partners Group work	Social skills and self-esteem group	Targeted work from Speech and Language therapy (NHS and internal Elklan Trained staff)
Whole class PSHE discussions Pupil Voice Assembly Class visual aids and prompts		Targeted work with Primary Behaviour Service (PBS)
Visual timetables Key words/word banks		Targeted support from Emotional Literacy
Drama activities Sequencing activities Additional processing time		Support Assistants (ELSA) Targeted support from Child and Family
Simplified Language A range of questions used so children develop		Support Officer
and give better answers Opportunities for individual, pair, group or whole class working		
Regular communication through informal and		
formal meetings e.g. Parents' Evening Class and special assemblies Role play and drama		





Sensory and Physical		
Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3
Differentiated curriculum planning Adaptions to the classroom (when appropriate)	Use of specialist equipment: Pencil grips	Individual work station
Fine motor skill activities such as: peg boards, putty, cutting etc.	Triangular pencils Pens with different grips	Social stories
Additional movement breaks Sensory Circuits	Ergonomic handwriting pens Senso pens (pressure)	Targeted work from Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy,
School building is accessible for all Wheelchair accessible toilet	Coloured overlays Lap weights	& School Nursing Team
Classrooms have age appropriate furniture and environments Visual prompts, pictures and ICT used	Sloping boards for desks Fiddle Tools Wobble cushions	Individual support with self-care where appropriate
appropriately to aid learning High quality resources are readily available, organised to enable independence	Sloped cushions Chair bands	Targeted work with Primary Behaviour Service (PBS)
Lesson organised to accommodate different learning styles - providing time for concentration, discussion, thinking, reflecting and questioning	Small group work to support fine motor skills and gross motor skills Activities to promote gross motor:	Targeted support from Child and Family Support Officer
Outdoor learning opportunities	Balance boards Trim trail Fine motor programmes: Bubble Handwriting Sensory Circuits	Targeted support from ELSA





Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3
Differentiated curriculum planning Whole school behaviour policy – rewarded with	Individual reward system & behaviour logs	1:1 Emotional Literacy Programme (ELSA)
certificates Mental Health Team (School Staff)	Additional support at playtime (break time and lunchtime clubs)	Individual work station
School & class rules PSHE planned lessons using 1 Decision	Transition support	Individual social stories to teach specific social skills
Whole school assemblies Talk Partners	Bubble Time during lunchtime	Involvement or support from SENCo
Class visual timetable (where needed)		
Enrichment Afternoons Visual reward systems (100 Square)	Involvement from the Child and Family Support Officer	Targeted work from – Primary Behaviour Support (PBS), CAMHS, Educational
House point system School Value Certificates	Timers & stress relievers	Psychology and Mental Health Support Team (MHST)
Positive Certificates in Celebration Assembly Emotion/social resources e.g. Worry Monster	Fiddle Tools	Lunchtime support in the Shared Area
Praise and high expectations for all children Time out		
Breakfast and After School Clubs Snack Shack		
Class Librarians, School Council, Upper School Librarians		
Special Weeks e.g. Anti-Bullying Week, Children's Mental Health Week,		