<u>Cove Junior School</u> <u>Geography Skills and Knowledge Assessment Overview</u>

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Locational Knowledge	Identify where counties are within the UK and the key topographical features	 Understand the difference between a county, country and continent Recognise the different shapes of continents Locate more European countries using maps and identify environmental regions, key physical/human features (mountains and rivers focus) and cities Name and locate countries and cities of the UK, describing geographical regions and topographical features (focus on rivers) Explore how some aspects of physical and human characteristics have changed over time 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia), concentrating on the key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Name and locate geographical regions of the United Kingdom, and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (focus on coasts), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time Know and describe where a variety of places are in relation to physical and human features 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle
Place Knowledge	 Recognise there are similarities and differences between places 	 Understand why there are similarities and differences between places by applying geographical knowledge (rivers and mountains focus) 	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of a European country (Greece)	 Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region within South America and the UK
Human and Physical Geography	Identify physical and human features of the local area	 Describe and understand aspects of physical geography (rivers, mountains, volcanoes and the water cycle) Understand the effect of landscape features on the development of a locality (settlement and land use) 	 Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography (coasts) Describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the 	Examine and explain key aspects of physical geography: biomes (focus on polar and ice sheet biome, desert, rainforest and deciduous biomes

		 Describe how people have been affected by changes in the environment (flooding, drought, volcanic eruptions) Begin to understand the distribution of natural resources 	distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water (focus on Viking settlement) • Know about the physical features of coasts and begin to understand erosion and deposition • Understand how humans affect the environment over time	
Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	 Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans, graphs and digital technologies (e.g. Google Earth) Ask, and respond to, geographical questions Understand and use most of the Year 3 geographical vocabulary Use maps, atlases and digital / computer mapping to locate countries and key features Use the 8 points of a compass Explore four figure grid references Make plans and maps using symbols and keys 	 Securely use world maps, atlases and globes and use digital mapping Use fieldwork to observe, record and present human and physical features of the local area using maps, sketches, plans, graphs, digital technology Use four figure grid references 	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Use the eight points of a compass, and four-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world Use fieldwork to observe, record and present human and physical features of the local area using maps, sketches, plans, graphs, digital technology 	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Use four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world Use fieldwork to observe, record and present human and physical features of the local area using maps, sketches, plans, graphs, digital technology